# Q: Consider the following statement regarding Pulsed Current Effects:

- 1. It is applied between the coated component.
- 2. It acts as a cathode and non-consumable anode.
- 3. It cannot be used for nano-crystalline coatings.

## Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

#### Ans: a

### Explanation:

- The pulsed current is applied between the components to be coated, acting as cathode and non-consumable anode.
- The pulsed current effect was used for nano-crystalline coatings wherein high instantaneous current density for very small duration resulted in high rate of nucleation.
- Unlike in conventional direct current plating, the coatings were virtually porosity free, crack free with minimal hydrogen uptake.

## Q: Consider the following statement regarding the seismic activity of Joshimath:

- 1. Joshimath falls under the Moderate Damage Risk Zone (Zone 3).
- 2. Seismic energy generation due to micro-earthquakes, weakened the strength of the rocks.
- 3. Climatic factors such as excessive precipitation and flow of water from mountains lead to widening of cracks on the surface of the rock.

## Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

#### Ans: b

#### Explanation:

- The seismic microzonation study for the area would generate risk resilient parameters for safer dwellings and infrastructure.
- They said Joshimath falls under the highest seismic hazard Zone V as it experiences continuous seismogenic stresses.
- Seismic energy generation due to micro-earthquakes may have weakened the strength of the rocks as Joshimath is located in the earthquake rupture zone of the 1999 Chamoli earthquake.
- Climatic factors such as excessive precipitation and flow of water from mountains into massive cracks and fractures in the sub-surface rocks lead to widening of cracks and hastening the slip in rock material.

# Q: Consider the following statement regarding RBI Act:

- 1. Section 26(2) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, gives powers to the Centre to notify that a particular denomination of currency ceases to be legal tender.
- 2. Section 3 deals with establishment and incorporation of Reserve Bank.

### Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 Only
- b) 2 Only
- c) 1 and 2
- d) None of the above

#### Ans: c

## Explanation:

- Section 26(2) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 essentially gives powers to the Centre to notify that a particular denomination of currency ceases to be legal tender.
- Here, Parliament, which enacted the RBI Act, is essentially delegating the power to alter the nature of legal tender to the central government.
- The Attorney General for India argued that the RBI Act itself has guidance for exercise of delegated powers. He cited the Preamble and Section 3 of the Act as guidance on the purpose of the law and the Centre's role in "regulating" monetary policy.
- Section 3 deals with establishment and incorporation of Reserve Bank.

## O: Consider the following statement regarding 'Textiles conclave' during the Sangamam:

- 1. Government's vision of raising textiles exports to \$100 billion by 2030.
- 2. India's textiles market is expected to grow at a CAGR of 12-13% to nearly \$2 trillion by 2047.
- 3. PM Modi's 5F formula (farm, fibre, fabric, fashion, foreign) will accelerate growth in the sector.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

#### Ans: d

### Explanation:

- The government organised a 'textiles conclave' during the Sangamam. Several eminent personalities of different segments of the textile industry from Tamil Nadu and Kashi shared their experiences and exchanged ideas at a session on Amrit Kaal Vision 2047.
- They were excited and confident about the government's vision of raising textiles exports to \$100 billion by 2030 and creating new opportunities in the sector.
- The textiles sector, which has great job-creating potential, is a key part of mission to become a developed country by 2047. India's textiles market is expected to grow at a CAGR of 12-13% to nearly \$2 trillion by 2047, while exports from the sector are expected to grow at double digits.
- PM Modi's 5F formula (farm, fibre, fabric, fashion, foreign) will accelerate growth in the sector and transform the lives of farmers and weavers. Kashi and Tamil Nadu have a key role to play to achieve this vision.
- The government is also encouraging technical textiles, which have phenomenal potential. These products include functional textiles that are used in vehicles, protective clothing, bulletproof vests and construction. Man-made fibre, also an area of focus, has great potential for growth and exports.

## Q: Consider the following statement regarding Blackbucks:

- 1. It is found only in the Indian subcontinent.
- 2. Female blackbucks have corkscrew-shaped horns.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 Only
- b) 2 Only
- c) 1 and 2
- d) None of the above

## Ans: a

# Explanation:

- Blackbucks found only in the Indian subcontinent are mostly seen in three broad clusters across India that pertain to the northern, the southern, and the eastern regions.
- While the males have corkscrew-shaped horns and black-to-dark brown coats, the females are fawn-coloured.