Q: Consider the following statement regarding Phreatomagmatic eruption:

- 1. A new island near Japan's Ogasawara island chain was formed by phreatomagmatic eruption.
- 2. Deposits from phreatomagmatic eruptions are thought to be better classified and finer-grained than those from magmatic eruptions.
- 3. It is an eruption that involves magma only.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: a

Explanation:

- A new island near Japan's Ogasawara island chain was formed by phreatomagmatic eruption.
- It is an eruption that involves both magma and water. It typically interacts explosively leading to concurrent ejection of steam and pyroclastic fragments.
- Phreatomagmatic ash is formed by the same mechanism over a wide range of basic and acidic compositions. A blocky and uniform crust with low vesicle content is formed.
- Deposits from phreatomagmatic eruptions are thought to be better classified and finer-grained than those from magmatic eruptions. This is the result of higher fragmentation of phreatomagmatic eruptions.

Q: Consider the following statement regarding Attenborough's long-beaked echidna:

- 1. It lives in Alps Mountain.
- 2. Echidnas are nocturnal and shy.
- 3. Conservation status by IUCN Red List is Critically Endangered

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: b

Explanation:

- Attenborough's long-beaked echidna lives in the Cyclops Mountains, which are near the cities of Sentani and Jayapura in the Indonesian province of Papua.
- Echidnas are nocturnal and shy, making them difficult to find at the best of times.
- It appears so unlike other mammals is because it is a member of the monotremes -- an egg-laying group that separated from the rest of the mammal tree-of-life about 200 million years ago.
- Conservation status by IUCN Red List is Critically Endangered

Q: Consider the following statement regarding Lake Titicaca:

- 1. It is the highest navigable water body in the world.
- 2. It is a designated Ramsar Site of International Importance.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 Only
- b) 2 Only
- c) 1 and 2
- d) None of the above

Ans: c

Explanation:

- Lake Titicaca is the highest navigable water body in the world, located in the Andes Mountains of South America.
- It lies on the border between Peruto the west and Bolivia to the east. It is the second-largest lake in South America (after Maracaibo).
- More than 25 rivers empty their waters into Titicaca; the largest, the Ramis, drains about two-fifths of the entire Titicaca Basin.
- Forty-one islands rise from Titicaca's waters, the largest of which, Titicaca Island.
- Lake Titicaca is a designated Ramsar Site of International Importance.

O: Consider the following statement regarding Non-melanoma skin cancer:

- 1. It refers to a group of cancers that develop in the upper layers of the skin.
- 2. The main cause is ultraviolet light, which comes from the sun and is used in sunbeds.
- 3. It is more common in older people, but younger people can also get it.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: d

Explanation:

- Non-melanoma skin cancer refers to a group of cancers that develop in the upper layers of the skin.
- The main types are basal cell carcinoma (BCC) and squamous cell carcinoma (SCC).
- The main cause is ultraviolet light, which comes from the sun and is used in sunbeds.
- It is more common in older people, but younger people can also get it.
- The main symptom of non-melanoma skin cancer is a growth or unusual patch on the skin, but it's most common in areas exposed to the sun, such as head, face and ears neck and shoulders etc.

O: Consider the following statement regarding Kali Tiger Reserve:

- 1. It was earlier known as Dandeli-Anshi Tiger Reserve.
- 2. Forests are primarily moist deciduous and semi-evergreen.
- 3. It is located in Kerala.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: a

Explanation:

- Kali Tiger Reserve, earlier known as Dandeli-Anshi Tiger Reserve is located in the central portion of the Uttara Kannada (North Canara) district of Karnataka state.
- It comprises two important protected areas of the region, viz., Dandeli Wildlife Sanctuary and Anshi National Park. They are contiguous to each other and form a single tract of protected area located in the biologically sensitive Western Ghats.
- The Kali River flows through the tiger reserve, and hence the name.
- Forests are primarily moist deciduous and semi-evergreen, with excellent patches of evergreen forests in the westernmost parts.