#### Q: Consider the following statement regarding Rafah Crossing:

- 1. It is wedged between Israel, Egypt, and the Mediterranean Sea.
- 2. The crossing is controlled by Egypt.
- 3. The crossing is at the north end of the Gaza Strip

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: a

Explanation:

- Rafah Crossing is at the south end of the Gaza Strip, a narrow slither of land that is home to 2.3 million people.
- It is wedged between Israel, Egypt, and the Mediterranean Sea.
- The crossing is controlled by Egypt.
- It is the only likely route for humanitarian aid to enter Gaza via Rafah from Egypt's Sinai Peninsula region.
- There are only two other border crossings: Erez, a border crossing with Israel in north Gaza, and Kerem Shalom, a commercial crossing between Israel and Southern Gaza.

### Q: Consider the following statement regarding Muthuvan tribe:

- 1. These people live in the border hill forests of Chhattisgarh.
- 2. They are animists and spirit worshippers and also worship the forest gods.
- 3. These tribal people follow a unique system of governance called the 'Kani System'.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: b

Explanation:

- Muthuvan tribe people live in the border hill forests of Kerala and Tamil Nadu.
- They speak slightly different dialects and call each other Malayalam Muthuvan and Pandi Muthuvan.
- They are animists and spirit worshippers and also worship the forest gods.
- They believe that the spirits of their ancestors were the first migrants to the hill forests.
- They are known for coexisting with wildlife with their traditional knowledge.
- These tribal people follow a unique system of governance called the 'Kani System'.
- Under this system, each village is headed by a 'Kani', who is responsible for the administration of the village.

## **Q:** Consider the following statement regarding **RISC-V** technology:

- 1. It is an open-source technology that is pronounced "risk five".
- 2. It is considered the fifth generation of processors.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 Only
- b) 2 Only
- c) 1 and 2
- d) None of the above

Ans: c Explanation:

- RISC-V technology is an open-source technology that is pronounced "risk five".
- It is an open-source instruction set architecture (ISA) used for the development of custom processors targeting a variety of end applications.
- It is considered the fifth generation of processors built on the concept of the reduced instruction set computer (RISC).
- It was begun as a project at UC Berkeley to create an open-source computer system based on RISC principles.

# **Q:** Consider the following statement regarding Lymphatic Filariasis:

- 1. It is commonly known as elephantiasis.
- 2. Infection occurs when filarial parasites are transmitted to humans through mosquitoes.
- 3. It's caused by infection with parasites classified as nematodes.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Ans: d

Explanation:

- Lymphatic Filariasis is commonly known as elephantiasis, and it is a neglected tropical disease.
- Infection occurs when filarial parasites are transmitted to humans through mosquitoes.
- This impairs the lymphatic system and can lead to the abnormal enlargement of body parts, causing pain, severe disability, and social stigma.
- It's caused by infection with parasites classified as nematodes (roundworms) of the family Filariodidea.

## Q: Consider the following statement regarding Chakmas:

- 1. They are one of the largest ethnic groups native to the Chittagong Hill Tracts.
- 2. The majority of Chakmas practise Theravada Buddhism.
- 3. They speak a dialect of Kokborok.

Choose the correct option from the codes given below:

- a) 1 and 2
- b) 2 and 3
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 3

## Ans: a

Explanation:

- Chakmas are one of the largest ethnic groups native to the Chittagong Hill Tracts (CHT) region of southeastern Bangladesh.
- They have their own age-old culture, language, and scripts.
- They primarily live in the Chittagong Hills Tracts of Bangladesh, the Chin and Arakan provinces of Myanmar, in the northeastern Indian states of Mizoram, Tripura, and Arunachal Pradesh, and a few families in West Bengal.
- The majority of Chakmas practise Theravada Buddhism, tinged with aspects of animism and Hinduism.
- Every Chakma village has a Buddhist temple (kaang), and the Buddhist priests or monks are called Bhikhus.
- The Chakmas worship Hindu deities like Lakshmi, who is worshipped as the Goddess of the Harvest.
- The Chakmas speak a dialect of Bengali (Bangla) and use the standard Bengali alphabet