Q: Consider the following statements with respect to Outcome Budgeting

- 1. It links the outlay of funds by various government ministries and departments to their expected outcomes.
- 2. The concept of outcome budgeting was introduced in India in 2005.
- 3. It is mandatory for all State Legislative Assemblies to follow Outcome budgeting.

How many of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) All Three
- d) None of the above

Ans: b

Explanation:

- Outcome budgeting is a budget process that connects resources with results.
- The concept of outcome budgeting was introduced in India in 2005.
- It mandates that the ministries and departments at all levels should be involved in a meaningful way in the implementation processes of the developmental schemes across the country.
- The main objective of the Outcome Budget is to create a direct connection between the financial investments made by the government in various programs and schemes, and the results expected from those expenditures.
- Outcome budgeting is not followed in all states.
- Around 11 Indian states including Assam have started following the practice of formulating their OBSs in the past few years.

Q: U-Report, a digital community for young people, is an initiative of?

- a) Climate Action Network (CAN)
- b) International Telecommunication Union (ITU)
- c) United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)
- d) United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

Ans: c

Explanation:

- U-Report is a social messaging tool developed by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) to engage with communities and gather real-time data on various issues.
- U-Report uses SMS and social media to conduct polls and surveys, allowing individuals to share their opinions on different topics, including education, health, and social issues.
- 55% of women prefer to work from home so that they can manage the house chores too.
- 75% of young women and men believe that finding a job is the most important next step for the women post their studies.
- Less than 1/5th believe that women should get married immediately after completing their academics.
- Almost 52% of the respondents believe that access to information and opportunities or support from families are key factors that influence young women's decision to develop job-ready skills and join the workforce.
- 56% of the respondents believed that parents/family or partners are important actors in choosing aspirations and career options.
- 42% male and 47% female respondents believe that parents and family members of young women make decisions with regard to their dreams and aspirations.
- 33% male and 37% female respondents believe that young women themselves make the decision for their dreams and aspirations.

Q: Consider the following statements with respect to Indian Kangaroo Lizard

- 1. It can run on its hind legs with its body held upright, similar to a kangaroo.
- 2. It is endemic to the Western Ghats of India.
- 3. They are inefficient climbers and primarily inhabit terrestrial environments.

How many of the statements given above is/are incorrect?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) All Three
- d) None of the above

Ans: d

Explanation:

- The Indian kangaroo lizard is a small to medium-sized lizard, typically growing up to 10 inches (25 cm) in length.
- It has a slender body, long legs, and a distinctive head with a pointed snout.
- It belongs to the genus Agasthyagama and has been named Agasthyagama Edge.
- It has been named Agasthyagama Edge, where the edge stands for Evolutionarily Distinct and Globally Endangered.
- It is endemic to the Western Ghats of India.
- It is characterised by a reduced fifth toe, these lizards are inefficient climbers and primarily inhabit terrestrial environments with dense leaf litter cover.
- The species is known for its bipedal movement and can run on its hind legs with its body held upright, similar to a kangaroo.
- This unusual gait is thought to help it escape predators and navigate through its rocky habitat.

Q: Consider the following statements with respect to Indira Gandhi National Centre for the Arts

- 1. It is an autonomous organisation established in 1987 by the late Prime Minister Smt. Indira Gandhi.
- 2. It works under the aegis of the Ministry of Culture.
- 3. It is a cultural repository and the custodian of ancient texts.

How many of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) All Three
- d) None of the above

Ans: b

Explanation:

- The Indira Gandhi National Centre for the Arts (IGNCA) was launched on 19th November, 1985 by the late Prime Minister Shri Rajiv Gandhi.
- The IGNCA was established in 1987 as an autonomous institution under the Ministry of Culture as a centre for research, academic pursuit and dissemination in the field of the arts.
- It is a cultural repository and the custodian of ancient texts.
- It has a trust (Board of Trustees), which meets regularly to give general direction about the Centre's work.
- The Executive Committee, drawn from among the Trustees, functions under a Chairman.
- It acts as a link between the Trust and the IGNCA.
- The Member Secretary is the Executive head of both academic and administrative divisions.
- The executive unit which transforms researches and studies emanating from the IGNCA into visible forms through exhibitions

Q: Consider the following statements with respect to INSAT-3DS Mission

- 1. It was launched using a Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle (GSLV).
- 2. The mission is fully funded by the Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES).
- 3. The mission will help in environment monitoring, weather forecasting and disaster relief operations.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- a) Only one
- b) Only two
- c) All Three

d) None of the above

Ans: c

Explanation:

- The GSLV is the launch vehicle of the mission that aims to deploy the INSAT-3DS meteorological satellite into the Geosynchronous Transfer Orbit (GTO).
- INSAT-3DS Satellite is a follow-on mission of Third Generation Meteorological Satellite from Geostationary Orbit.
- The mission is fully funded by the Ministry of Earth Sciences (MoES).
- The mission is designed to operate in space for ten years, is expected to boost environment monitoring, oceanic observations and weather forecasting and assist disaster relief operations.
- The satellite will augment the Meteorological services along with the presently operational INSAT-3D and INSAT-3DR satellites.
- Indian Industries have significantly contributed to the making of the Satellite.